# Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP

Chartered Accountants

7th Floor, Bullding 10, Tower 8 DLF Cyber City Complex DLF City Phase - II Gurgaon - 122 002, Haryana

Tel: +91 124 679 2000 Fax: +91 124 679 2012

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM STANDALONE FINANCIAL RESULTS

## TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF GOODYEAR INDIA LIMITED

- 1. We have reviewed the accompanying Statement of Standalone Unaudited Financial Results of **Goodyear India Limited** ("the Company"), for the quarter ended June 30, 2020 ("the Statement"), being submitted by the Company pursuant to the requirement of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended.
- 2. This Statement, which is the responsibility of the Company's Management and approved by the Company's Board of Directors, has been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the Indian Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" ("Ind AS 34"), prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the Statement based on our review.
- 3. We conducted our review of the Statement in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410 'Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity', issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of the Company's personnel responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.
- 4. Based on our review conducted as stated in paragraph 3 above, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying Statement, prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the aforesaid Indian Accounting Standard and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, has not disclosed the information required to be disclosed in terms of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, including the manner in which it is to be disclosed, or that it contains any material misstatement.
- 5. We draw attention to Note 3 to the financial results regarding the Supreme Court's judgement in respect of the authority of the State to levy an 'entry tax'. The Company has sought independent legal advice with regard to leviability of such tax as notified by the Haryana Government in view of the parameters defined in the Supreme Court judgement. Considering the independent legal advice sought and uncertainties associated with it, the Company has currently assessed the obligation towards entry tax as a

### **Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP**

contingent liability which is not quantifiable as the enabling rules have not been notified and the Company has not received any notices or demands since then.

Our conclusion on the Statement is not modified in respect of this matter.

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

(Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

Vijay Agarwal

(Partner) (Membership No. 094468) (UDIN: 20014468 AAAA GN 5279)

Place: Gurugram

Date: September 04, 2020

#### **GOODYEAR INDIA LIMITED**

#### CIN: L25111HR1961PLC008578

Registered office: Mathura Road, Ballabgarh (Dist. Faridabad) - 121004, Haryana Telephone: 0129-6611000 Fax: 0129-2305310, E-mail: gyi\_info@goodyear.com, Website: www.goodyear.co.in

#### STATEMENT OF STANDALONE UNAUDITED RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Current 3 months ended (30/06/2020)	Preceding 3 months ended (31/03/2020)	Corresponding 3 months ended (30/06/2019)	Year to date figures for previous year ended (12 Months) (31/03/2020)
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited) (Refer Note 5)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	Revenue from operations	22,693	37,496	49,028 897	174,557
2	Other Income Total Income	645 <b>23,338</b>	806 <b>38,302</b>	49,925	3,517 <b>178,074</b>
3	Expenses	23,000	30,302	43,323	170,074
3	(a) Cost of materials consumed	7,466	16,627	19,119	67,600
			,	,	,
	(b) Purchase of stock-in-trade     (c) Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress	4,539	11,568	12,812	49,795
	and stock-in-trade	3,012	(2,719)	2,198	1,839
	(d) Employee benefits expense	3,006	3,236	3,395	13,964
	(e) Finance costs	81	98	102	397
	(f) Depreciation and amortisation expense	1,309	1,321	1,185	5,010
	(g) Other expenses	4,525	6,444	7,077	27,785
	Total expenses	23,938	36,575	45,888	166,390
4	Profit/(Loss) before tax	(600)	1,727	4,037	11,684
5	Tax expense				
	- Current tax	-	451	1,458	3,125
	- Deferred tax	(151)	6	(46)	(325)
6	Profit/(Loss) for the period/ year	(449)	1,270	2,625	8,884
7	Other comprehensive income/(loss)				
	A. Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss				
	(i) Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	(23)	(29)	(198)	(544)
	(ii) Income tax related to above item	6	7	69	137
	B. Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-	-	-
	Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of income tax	(17)	(22)	(129)	(407)
8	Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period/year	(466)	1,248	2,496	8,477
				0.007	
9	Paid up equity share capital (Face value of Rs.10 each fully paid up)	2,307	2,307	2,307	2,307
10	Earnings per share (of Rs.10/- each) (not annualised):				
	(a) Basic (Rs.)	(1.95)	5.51	11.38	38.51
	(b) Diluted (Rs.)	(1.95)	5.51	11.38	38.51
	Nominal value per Equity Share ( Rs.)	10	10	10	10
	See accompanying notes to the financial results				

#### Notes to the financial results:

- 1) The Statement has been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant rules issued thereunder and in terms of Regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended.
- 2) The Company is engaged in the business of sales of automotive tyres, tubes and flaps. The Company sells tyres of its own brand "Goodyear". The Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM), Managing Director, performs a detailed review of the operating results, thereby makes decisions about the allocation of resources among the various functions. The operating results of each of the functions are not considered individually by the CODM, the functions do not meet the requirements of Ind AS 108 for classification as an operating segment, hence there is only one operating segment namely, "Automotive tyres, tubes & flaps".
- 3) In 2008, the State of Haryana (the State) introduced the "Entry Tax Act" ("Act"), which the Punjab and Haryana High Court declared as 'Unconstitutional'. The State did not frame and notify enabling "Entry Tax Rules", and no notice or demand has been received to date by the Company. Accordingly, the amount of liability, if any, under the Entry Tax Act involved has not been quantified by the Company. On November 11, 2016, the nine Judges Bench of Hon'ble Supreme Court held that the State Governments do have right to levy an 'Entry Tax', however (i) whether States have enacted correct legislations in alignment with Indian Constitutional provisions (ii) whether such taxes demanded by State Governments were actually used for intended development of local area and (iii) the interpretation of the word "Local Area" were among questions not addressed by the November 11, 2016 ruling, but instead are to be heard by Hon'ble Divisional Bench of the Supreme Court individually for each state, on merits.

The above mentioned matter heard by the Hon'ble Divisional Bench of the Supreme Court and were remanded back to the Punjab and Haryana High Court and directed that fresh petitions should be filed by the parties, based on the above principles given by the nine Judges Bench of Supreme Court. The Company has filed its fresh petition in May 2017 and based on legal opinion have considered this as contingent liability at this stage.

- 4) The Company has considered the ongoing possible effects that may result from the pandemic relating to COVID 19 on the carrying amount of all assets and liabilities as at June 30, 2020. In developing the assumptions relating to the possible future uncertainties in the global economic conditions because of this pandemic, the Company, as at the date of approval of these financial results has used internal and external sources on the expected future performance of the Company. The Company has performed sensitivity analysis on the assumptions used and based on the estimates expects the carrying amount of these assets / liabilities will be recovered / settled and subsequent liquidity is available to fund the business operations for at least another 12 months. The impact of COVID-19 on the Company's financial results may differ from that estimated as at the date of approval of these financial results and would be recognized prospectively.
- 5) The figures of last quarter of previous year are the balancing figures between audited figures in respect of the full financial year and the published year to date figures up to the third quarter of the financial year which are subject to limited review.
- 6) This Statement has been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors at its meeting held on September 4, 2020.

For GOODYEAR INDIA LIMITED

Sandeep Mahajan Managing Director

Place: New Delhi Date: September 4, 2020